RIVER FOREST PUBLIC LIBRARY, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



River Forest Public Library

Your journey starts here.

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2025

735 Lathrop Avenue River Forest, IL 60305

Phone: 708.366.5205

Fax: 708.366.8699 www.riverforestlibrary.org

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	<u>5</u>
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	<u>14</u>
Statement of Activities	<u>16</u>
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	<u>17</u>
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of	
Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u>18</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	<u>19</u>
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Governmental Activities	<u>20</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>21</u>
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Employer Contributions	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	<u>43</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	<u>44</u>
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability	
Retiree Benefit Plan	<u>46</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
General Fund	<u>48</u>
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Capital Improvements - Capital Projects Fund	<u>51</u>

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT This section includes the opinion of the Library's independent auditing firm.

lauterbachamen.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 9, 2025

Members of the Board of Trustees River Forest Public Library River Forest, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the River Forest Public Library (the Library), Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the River Forest Public Library, Illinois, as of April 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and supplementary pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

River Forest Public Library, Illinois October 9, 2025

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the River Forest Public Library, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2025

Our discussion and analysis of the Library's financial performance provides an overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the Library's financial statements, which can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Library's net position increased by \$85,548, or 1.8 percent as a result of this year's operations.
- During the year, the Statement of Activities (p. <u>16</u>) reported government-wide revenues of \$1,837,368 and expenses of \$1,751,820, resulting in an increase to net position of \$85,548 for the year ended April 30, 2025.
- The Library's net position totaled \$4,911,393 on April 30, 2025, which includes \$2,776,467 investment in capital assets and \$2,134,926 unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The governmental funds (General and Capital Improvements) reported revenues of \$1,837,368 and expenditures of \$1,618,990, resulting in an increase in fund balance for the year ended April 30, 2025 of \$218,378.
- The General Fund (the Library's operating fund) showed a deficiency of operating revenues over expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2025 of \$226,711 (as reported on p. 19). The deficiency of revenues over expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2025 that is available to be transferred to the Capital Improvements Fund in 2026 is \$166,711, which is the \$226,711 in current year excess of revenues over expenditures less the \$60,000 from operations already transferred during the current year.
- The General Fund reported a decrease this year of \$85,045 or 6.6 percent, including transfers out of \$311,756, resulting in ending fund balance of \$1,211,388.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Library's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Library's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Library acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2025

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Continued

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Library's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/ deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Library's property tax base and the condition of the Library's infrastructure, is needed to assess the overall health of the Library.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Library that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Library consist of the public library function only. The Library does not have any business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Library can be categorized as governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Library's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Library maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Improvements Fund, which are considered major funds.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2025

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Library's I.M.R.F. employee pension obligations, other post-employment benefit obligations, and budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found in the financial section of this report. Individual fund statements and schedules can be found in the financial section of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Library, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$4,911,393.

	 Net Position			
	2025	2024		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,227,211	2,950,981		
Capital Assets	 2,776,467	2,847,877		
Total Assets	6,003,678	5,798,858		
Deferred Outflows	 119,815	188,117		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	 6,123,493	5,986,975		
Long-Term Debt	223,778	245,593		
Other Liabilities	76,965	48,344		
Total Liabilities	 300,743	293,937		
Deferred Inflows	911,357	867,193		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	1,212,100	1,161,130		
Net Position				
Investment in Capital Assets	2,776,467	2,847,877		
Unrestricted	2,134,926	1,977,968		
Total Net Position	 4,911,393	4,825,845		

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2025

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

A large portion of the Library's net position, \$2,776,467 or 56.5 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and library materials), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Library's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining 43.5 percent, or \$2,134,926, represents unrestricted net assets and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Changes in Net Position			
	2025 2024			
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	7,791	6,550	
Operating Grants and Contributions		43,990	33,184	
Capital Grants and Contributions		15,678		
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		1,621,385	1,562,783	
Replacement Taxes		23,026	36,482	
Investment Income		116,088	31,724	
Miscellaneous		9,410	8,953	
Total Revenues		1,837,368	1,679,676	
Expenses				
Public Library		1,751,820	1,423,104	
Change in Net Position		85,548	256,572	
Fund Balance - Beginning		4,825,845	4,569,273	
Net Position - Ending		4,911,393	4,825,845	

Net position of the Library's governmental activities increased by 1.8 percent (\$4,911,393 in 2025 compared to \$4,825,845 in 2024). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints, totaled \$2,134,926 at April 30, 2025.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2025

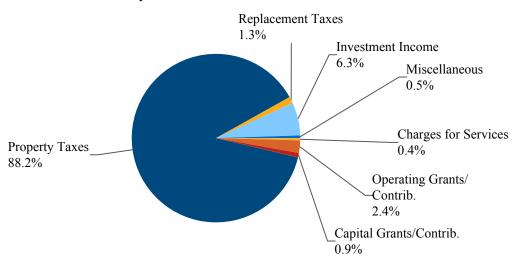
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$1,837,368, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$1,751,820, this results in an increase of \$85,548. In 2024, revenues of \$1,679,676 exceeded expenses of \$1,423,104, resulting in an increase of \$256,572. The increase in 2025 was due mainly to an increase in property taxes and investment income.

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Library. It depicts very clearly the reliance on property taxes to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the Library receives from other sources.

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.

\$2,000,000
\$1,500,000
\$1,000,000
\$500,000
\$—
Public Library

Expenses Program Revenues

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2025

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Library's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,283,777, which is \$218,378, or 10.6 percent, higher than last year's total of \$2,065,399. Of the \$2,283,777 total, \$1,191,300, or approximately 52.2 percent, of the fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Library. As mentioned earlier, the General Fund reported a decrease in fund balance for the year of \$85,045, or 6.6 percent, from a beginning balance of \$1,296,433. The decrease was due primarily to increases in expenditures from the previous year.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$1,191,300, which represents 98.3 percent of the total fund balance of the General Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents approximately 77.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The Capital Improvements Fund is a major fund of the Library. Its resources are to be used entirely for capital improvements at the Library. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Capital Improvements Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$303,423, which is an increase of 39.5 percent from a beginning balance of \$768,966. This increase was due to transfers in from the General Fund for capital projects along with increased in grants and investment income from the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Library made no budget amendments to the General Fund during the year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$1,755,761, compared to budgeted revenues of \$1,722,700. Revenues for all sources except for intergovernmental and miscellaneous came in higher than budgeted.

The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$133,650 lower than budgeted (\$1,529,050 actual compared to \$1,662,700 budgeted). Personnel services, library operations, and building maintenance and operations, professional services, and capital outlay came in \$77,836, \$19,679, \$15,180, \$8,141, and \$9,184 under budget, respectively.

During the year, a budgeted transfer of \$60,000 was made from the General Fund to the Capital Improvements Fund. In addition to the \$60,000, the Library transferred \$251,756 of excess revenues over expenditures from the prior fiscal year for the combined total of \$311,756.

The excess of revenues over expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2025 that is available to be transferred to the Capital Improvements Fund in 2026 is \$166,711, which is the \$226,711 in current year excess of revenues over expenditures less the \$60,000 from operations already transferred during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2025

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Library's investment in capital assets as of April 30, 2025 was \$2,776,467 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes construction in progress, building and improvements, machinery and equipment, and library materials.

	Capital Assets					
		Net of Depreciation				
		2025 2024				
	_					
Construction in Progress	\$	221,344	221,344			
Buildings and Improvements		2,106,682	2,222,774			
Machinery and Equipment		47,190	49,114			
Library Materials		401,251	354,645			
Totals		2,776,467	2,847,877			
Totals		2,770,407	2,077,077			

This year's major additions included:

Machinery and Equipment	\$ 22,567
Library Materials	 158,273
	180,840

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, the Library had no outstanding long-term debt. Additional information on the Library's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 3 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Library's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2025-2026 budget, including tax rates and fees that will be charged for its various activities. The state of the economy was a major factor, as the Library is faced with a similar economic environment as many other local municipalities are faced with, including inflation, the need to stay competitive in today's labor market, and the cost of maintaining a public building.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Emily Compton, Director, River Forest Public Library, 735 Lathrop Avenue, River Forest, IL 60305.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2025

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position

Total Deferred Outflows of Resources

Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

April 30, 2025

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,277,315
Receivables - Net of Allowances	929,808
Prepaids	20,088
Total Current Assets	3,227,211
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable	221,344
Depreciable	6,208,783
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,653,660)
Total Capital Assets	2,776,467
Total Assets	6,003,678
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Items - IMRF	91,710
Deferred Items - RBP	28,105

119,815

6,123,493

LIABILITIES

Comment Link Helica		
Current Liabilities	\$	29 400
Accounts Payable	Þ	28,499
Accrued Payroll		25,631
Other Payables		6,608
Compensated Absences		16,227
Total Current Liabilities		76,965
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated Absences		11,870
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		136,871
Total OPEB Liability - RBP		75,037
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		223,778
Total Liabilities		300,743
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes		832,696
Grants		50,000
Deferred Items - IMRF		394
Deferred Items - RBP		28,267
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		911,357
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,212,100
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets		2,776,467
Unrestricted		2,134,926
Total Net Position		4,911,393

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2025

	I	- Expenses	Charges for Services	rogram Revenue Operating Grants/ Contributions	Capital Grants/ Contributions	Net (Expenses)/ Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities Public Library	\$	1,751,820	7,791	43,990	15,678	(1,684,361)
			General Reven	ues		
			Property Tax	ζ.		1,621,385
				ental - Unrestrict	ted	1,021,303
			Replacemen			23,026
			Investment In	come		116,088
			Miscellaneous	S	_	9,410
						1,769,909
			Change in Net	Position		85,548
			Net Position - I	Beginning	-	4,825,845
			Net Position - I	Ending		4,911,393

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2025

			Capital	
			Projects	
			Capital	
		General	Improvements	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	1,185,058	1,092,257	2,277,315
Receivables - Net of Allowances	•	,,	, ,	_,_ , , , ,
Taxes		865,055		865,055
Other		34,621		34,621
Interest		_	30,132	30,132
Prepaids		20,088		20,088
Total Assets		2,104,822	1,122,389	3,227,211
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		28,499	_	28,499
Accrued Payroll		25,631	_	25,631
Other Payables		6,608	_	6,608
Total Liabilities		60,738	_	60,738
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes		832,696	_	832,696
Grants		_	50,000	50,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		832,696	50,000	882,696
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		893,434	50,000	943,434
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable		20,088	_	20,088
Restricted		_	1,072,389	1,072,389
Unassigned		1,191,300	_	1,191,300
Total Fund Balances		1,211,388	1,072,389	2,283,777
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances		2,104,822	1,122,389	3,227,211

Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

April 30, 2025

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 2,283,777
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial	
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,776,467
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF	91,316
Deferred Items - RBP	(162)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences	(14,837)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(136,871)
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	(88,297)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	 4,911,393

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2025

		General	Capital Projects Capital Improvements	Totals
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	1,621,385		1,621,385
Intergovernmental	•	67,016	15,678	82,694
Fines and Fees		7,791	_	7,791
Investment Income		55,245	60,843	116,088
Miscellaneous		4,324	5,086	9,410
Total Revenues	_	1,755,761	81,607	1,837,368
Expenditures				
Public Library		1,526,734	_	1,526,734
Capital Outlay		2,316	89,940	92,256
Total Expenditures		1,529,050	89,940	1,618,990
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		226,711	(8,333)	218,378
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In		_	311,756	311,756
Transfers Out		(311,756)	_	(311,756)
		(311,756)	311,756	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(85,045)	303,423	218,378
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,296,433	768,966	2,065,399
Fund Balances - Ending		1,211,388	1,072,389	2,283,777

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 218,378
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. however, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	180,840
Depreciation Expense	(252,250)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related	
to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(64,553)
Change in Deferred Items - RBP	(4,480)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, While the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences Payable	(4,713)
Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF	3,622
Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP	8,704
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	 85,548

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The River Forest Public Library (the Library), Illinois is a library corporation governed by an elected Board of Trustees. The Library provides services primarily to citizens of the Village of River Forest, Illinois, including lending materials to adults and children to meet their informational, recreational, and educational needs. The financial statements of the Library have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Library's significant accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government. Management has determined that there are no fiduciary component units that are required to be included in the financial statements of the Library as pension trust funds and there are no discretely component units to include in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's governmental funds). The Library's public library services are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is: (a) presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Library's net position is reported in three parts: investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Library first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Library's functions. The functions are supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines and fees, investment income, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the public library function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, intergovernmental revenues, fines and fees, investment income, etc).

The Library does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.).

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Government-Wide Statements - Continued

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the change in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Library are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. The fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. The Library's fund is reported in the governmental category. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major fund and is summarized into a single column.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses) for the determination of major funds.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Library or total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund type is used by the Library:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Library:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the Library. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital projects funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital assets. The Library maintains one major capital projects fund. The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are assigned for capital improvements at the Library.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Measurement Focus - Continued

The Library's fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflows are incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability/deferred inflow is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE/ NET POSITION

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the Library's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE/ NET POSITION - Continued

Cash and Investments - Continued

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Library categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Library has no investments at year end.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances include property taxes.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000, or more depending on asset class, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Library as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	15 - 50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 7 Years
Library Materials	5 Years

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE/ NET POSITION - Continued

Compensated Absences

The Library's policy allows full time and part time employees working at least 20-hours per week to earn sick, vacation, and personal time pay for each year employed.

Full time and part time employees working at least 20-hours per week accrue vacation at a rate of 5/6 of an equivalent day per pay period and may accumulate up to 10 equivalent days at any point in time. Full time and part time employees working at least 20-hours per week earn one equivalent sick day per month and may accrue up to 60 days, and earn one equivalent personal day per year. Part time employees working less than 20-hours per week accrue 1 hour for every 40 hours worked of paid leave for all workers time.

Upon separation of employment any unused and accrued vacation time is paid out to the employee.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if applicable.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE/ NET POSITION - Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund on the modified accrual basis. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budget data reflected in the required supplementary information.

- Prior to March 1, the Library Director submits to the Library Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- The budget is made available to the public for a minimum of 30 days.
- Prior to May 1, the budget is presented to the Village Board of Trustees and legally enacted by Village Board of Trustees action. This is the amount reported as original budget.
- The Library Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts up to \$5,000 between departments within
 any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by vote of
 the Library Board of Trustees and communicated to the Village of River Forest for inclusion in their
 amended budget.
- Budgets are adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund.
- State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriations/budget." Under the budget act, transfers between line items, departments, and funds may be made by administrative action. The fund budget reflects all amendment needs.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Library to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services.

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits totaled \$2,277,315 and the bank balances totaled \$2,332,047.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Library's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed within a seven-month period. Investment maturities should not exceed five years.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Library addresses credit risk by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government or securities issued by agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly guaranteed by the United States Government and the Illinois Funds.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Library's investment in a single issuer. The Library's investment policy requires diversification to the best of its ability based on the type of funds invested and the cash flow needs of those funds. At year-end, the Library does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy requires that deposit accounts in banks not exceed the amount covered by federal depository insurance or equivalent insurance. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Library's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for investments. At year-end, the Library did not have any investments.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2024 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1 and August 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them in two fairly equal payments with a third lesser payment of any disputed taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues in the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund for use on current and future capital projects. Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	
Capital Improvement	General	\$ 311,756	

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	В	Beginning			Ending
	1	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets					
Construction in Progress	\$	221,344			221,344
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Buildings and Improvements		4,766,675	_		4,766,675
Machinery and Equipment		637,870	22,567		660,437
Library Materials		623,398	158,273		781,671
		6,027,943	180,840	_	6,208,783
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements		2,543,901	116,092		2,659,993
Machinery and Equipment		588,756	24,491		613,247
Library Materials		268,753	111,667	_	380,420
		3,401,410	252,250	_	3,653,660
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets		2,626,533	(71,410)		2,555,123
Total Net Capital Assets		2,847,877	(71,410)		2,776,467

Depreciation expense of \$252,250 was charged to public library function.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 10,124	4,713		14,837	2,967
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	140,493		3,622	136,871	
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	97,001		8,704	88,297	13,260
	247,618	4,713	12,326	240,005	16,227

The General Fund makes payments on the compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the total OPEB liability.

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

		Capital	
		Projects	
		Capital	
	 General	Improvements	Totals
Fund Balances Nonspendable			
Prepaids	\$ 20,088	_	20,088
Assigned			
Capital Projects	 _	1,072,389	1,072,389
Unassigned	1,191,300	_	1,191,300
Total Fund Balances	 1,211,388	1,072,389	2,283,777

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - Continued

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Library's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Library's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to 25% of operating expenditures.

NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION

Investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2025:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,776,467
Less Capital Related Debt: None	 _
Net Investment in Capital Assets	 2,776,467

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Library's employees. To limit exposure to these risks, the Library participates in the Libraries of Illinois Risk Agency (LIRA), a public entity risk pool with the transfer of risk. The Library is liable for up to \$1,000 per occurrence deductible for each claim with LIRA liable for the remainder up to certain limits. The Library's policy is to record any related expenditures in the year in which they are notified of any additional assessments. The Library is not aware of any additional assessments owed as of April 30, 2025. The Library also pays premiums to a third-party insurance carrier for employee medical insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverages in the fiscal year or prior two fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

From time to time, the Library is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings with respect to employment, civil rights, property taxes and other matters. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Library attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Library's financial position or results of operations.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Library expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The Library contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. However, the Library's participation in IMRF is equivalent to a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan since only one actuarial valuation is performed for both the Village and the Library. All disclosures for an agent plan can be found in the Village's comprehensive annual financial report. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required; benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2024, the measurement date, the following employees (which includes the Village) were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	61
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	75
Active Plan Members	43
Total	179

A detailed breakdown of IMRF membership for the Village and the Library is not available.

Contributions. As set by statute, the Library's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended April 30, 2025, the Library's contribution was 7.33% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Inflation

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2024, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Entry Age Normal
Fair Value
7.25%
2.85% to 13.75%
2.75%

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108.0%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

2.25%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued.

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	24.50%	5.20%
Domestic Equities	33.50%	4.35%
International Equities	18.00%	5.40%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.40%
Blended	12.50%	4.85% - 6.25%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	3.60%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Library contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Library calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Library's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	1%	6 Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	439,542	136,871	(96,464)	

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$ 2,851,389	2,710,896	140,493
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	31,865	_	31,865
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	160,247	_	160,247
Changes of Benefit Terms		_	_
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	30,738	_	30,738
Changes of Assumptions		_	_
Contributions - Employer		28,668	(28,668)
Contributions - Employees		17,739	(17,739)
Net Investment Income		220,199	(220,199)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(126,105)	(126,105)	_
Other (Net Transfer)		(40,134)	40,134
Net Changes	 96,745	100,367	(3,622)
Balances at December 31, 2024	2,948,134	2,811,263	136,871

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the Library recognized pension expense of \$107,012. At April 30, 2025, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred tflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	 		TC 4 1
	 esources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 23,647		23,647
Change in Assumptions	_	(394)	(394)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	52,493		52,493
Total Pension Expense to be			_
Recognized in Future Periods	76,140	(394)	75,746
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	15,570		15,570
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	91,710	(394)	91,316

\$15,570 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2026. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows/
Fiscal	(Inflows)
Year	of Resources
2026	\$ 45,596
2027	70,209
2028	(27,602)
2029	(12,457)
2030	
Thereafter	
Total	75,746

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Library's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefit Plan (RBP), provides other post-employment benefits for all permanent full-time general employees of the Library. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Library. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Library Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The plan does not issue a separate report.

Benefits Provided. The Library provides post-employment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the Library's retirement plan or meet COBRA requirements. All health care benefits are provided through the Library's health insurance plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Eligibility in library sponsored health care plans is discontinued upon eligibility for federally sponsored health care benefits.

Plan Membership. As of April 30, 2025, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	_
Active Plan Members	8
Total	9

Total OPEB Liability

The Library's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2025, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2025 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary Increases Scale Method

Discount Rate 4.64%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.00% for 2024, Decreasing to an Ultimate Rate of 4.50% for

2029 and Later Years

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs 100% of Projected Health Insurance Premiums for Retirees

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - Continued. The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High-Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates were based on the December 31, 2024 IMRF Actuarial Valuation Report.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at April 30, 2024	\$	97,001
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		1,321
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		6,728
Changes of Benefit Terms		_
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		3,861
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(7,354)
Benefit Payments		(13,260)
Other Changes		
Net Changes		(8,704)
Balance at April 30, 2025		88,297

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 4.64%, compared to last year's rate of 4.42%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.64%)	(4.64%)	(5.64%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 99,928	88,297	78,820

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the Healthcare Trend Rates, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
	1	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
		(Varies)	(Varies)	(Varies)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	78,176	88,297	100,676

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$9,036. At April 30, 2025, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred	
		Outflows of	Inflows of	
	_	Resources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	12,872	(1,703)	11,169
Change in Assumptions		15,233	(26,564)	(11,331)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments			_	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB		28,105	(28,267)	(162)

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - Continued

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferred		
	Outflows/		
Fiscal	(Inflows)		
Year	of Resources		
2026	\$ 728		
2027	728		
2028	728		
2029	728		
2030	(1,484)		
Thereafter	 (1,590)		
Total	(162)		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2025

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	in R the A De	tributions elation to Actuarially termined atribution	Exc	ibution cess/ ciency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$ 48,305	\$	48,305	\$		\$ 415,851	11.62%
2017	48,278		48,278			425,939	11.33%
2018	54,042		54,042			469,275	11.52%
2019	45,885		45,885			473,497	9.69%
2020	42,729		42,729			501,118	8.53%
2021	55,804		55,804			506,550	11.02%
2022	54,650		54,650			515,587	10.60%
2023	44,020		44,020			512,967	8.58%
2024	42,496		42,496			597,291	7.11%
2025	46,081		46,081			628,497	7.33%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	19 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Fair Value
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.75% to 13.75%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.
Mortality	For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2025

Measurement Date	_	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
Employer's Proportion of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		14.18%	13.73%	14.55%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	265,099	225,375	40,046
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$	415,851	425,939	469,275
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/ as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		63.75%	52.91%	8.53%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		87.29%	87.85%	97.25%

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2015 through 2018 and 2020. Changes in assumptions related to the demographics were made in 2017.

12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2024
14.61%	14.41%	14.18%	14.47%	12.87%	12.80%	12.06%
332,223	138,467	(93,143)	(283,650)	247,874	140,493	136,871
473,497	501,118	506,550	437,209	401,372	400,861	396,512
,			,		,	270,00
70.16%	27.63%	(18.39%)	(64.88%)	61.76%	35.05%	34.52%
0.4.0007	0.4.2.40/	102.7(0/	(01.150/)	00.050/	05.050/	0.5.2.60/
84.80%	94.34%	103.76%	(81.15%)	90.97%	95.07%	95.36%

Retiree Benefit Plan Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2025

	 1/30/2021
Total OPEB Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 1,010
Interest	286
Changes in Benefit Terms	_
Differences Between Expected and	
Actual Experience	153,107
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	15,458
Benefit Payments	(6,411)
Other Changes	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	163,450
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 13,017
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	 176,467
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 344,422
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of	
Covered-Employee Payroll	51.24%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2021 through 2025.

4/30/2022	4/30/2023	4/30/2024	4/30/2025
678	4,431	5,601	1,321
3,520	5,018	13,782	6,728
_	_	_	_
_	(7,978)	_	3,861
(7,371)	(107,674)	(9,624)	(7,354)
(20,830)	(11,481)	(13,260)	(13,260)
	65,722	-	—
(24,003)	(51,962)	(3,501)	(8,704)
176,467	152,464	100,502	97,001
152,464	100,502	97,001	88,297
356,477	393,456	131,741	137,659
42.77%	25.54%	73.63%	64.14%

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2025

	Rudo	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Tax	\$ 1,615,000	1,615,000	1,621,385
Intergovernmental	-,,	-,,	-,,
Replacement Tax	25,000	25,000	23,026
Grants	46,300	46,300	43,364
Donations	200	200	626
Fines and Fees	6,700	6,700	7,791
Investment Income	24,500	24,500	55,245
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	4,324
Total Revenues	1,722,700	1,722,700	1,755,761
Expenditures			
Public Library			
Personnel Services	1,087,200	1,087,200	1,009,364
Library Materials	160,492	160,492	156,862
Library Operations	198,323	208,323	188,644
Building Maintenance and Operations	143,185	133,185	118,005
Professional Services	62,000	62,000	53,859
Capital Outlay	11,500	11,500	2,316
Total Expenditures	1,662,700	1,662,700	1,529,050
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	60,000	60,000	226,711
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(60,000)	(60,000)	(311,756)
Net Change in Fund Balance		<u> </u>	(85,045)
Fund Balance - Beginning			1,296,433
Fund Balance - Ending			1,211,388

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

Capital Improvements Fund

The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are assigned for capital improvements at the Library.

Capital Improvements - Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2025

	D., J.	Actual	
	Budget		
	Original	Final	Amounts
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
Grants	\$ 150,000	15,500	15,678
Investment Income		30,000	60,843
Miscellaneous		252,576	5,086
Total Revenues	150,000	298,076	81,607
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	1,065,000	175,300	89,940
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(915,000)	122,776	(8,333)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	60,000	60,000	311,756
Net Change in Fund Balance	(855,000)	182,776	303,423
Fund Balance - Beginning			768,966
Fund Balance - Ending			1,072,389